

Exporting seafood to

- As a general principle, seafood can be exported to the EU only by approved countries and approved establishments (processing plants, factory or freezing vessels, brokers).
- For aquaculture products (including live bivalve mollusks), only approved establishment can export from approved production zones or areas.









- Exporting seafood to t
 - A) LIST OF COUNTRIES: Commission Decision 2006/766/EC lays down the list of countries and territories from which imports of fishery products and bivalve mollusks, echinoderms, tunicates and marine gastropods are permitted
 - B) LIST OF ESTABLISHMENTS: Art 12 of Reg. 854/2004 is the only legal basis for any establishments' lists and it applies both to "new" and "updated" lists (see points 4(a) and 4(b) of Art. 12).

The same document will be also available in the specific section of the SANCO-Europa website dedicated to the third country establishments lists (http://ec.europa.eu/food/food/biosafety/establishments/third country/index en.htm).



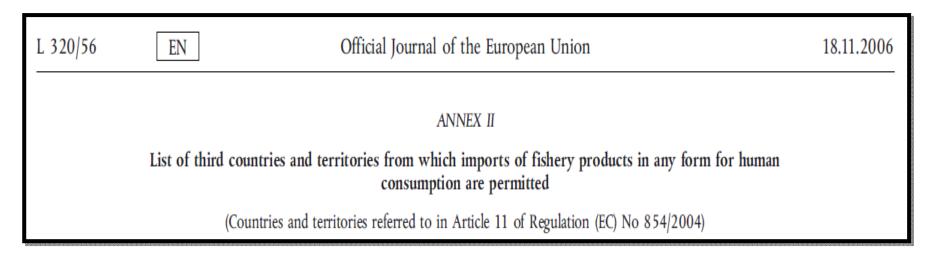






Exporting seafood to the EU

A) LIST OF COUNTRIES: Commission Decision 2006/766/EC, ANNEX II



AU — AUSTRALIA HK — HONG KONG

BD — BANGLADESH HN — HONDURAS

BG — BULGARIA (³)

HR — CROATIA







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B) LIST OF ESTABLISHMENTS:

(http://ec.europa.eu/food/food/biosafety/establishments/third country/index en.htm)

COUNTRY Croatia (Local Name: Hrvatska)

SECTION Fishery products

Validity date from 18/10/2011 Date of publication 05/10/2011

00067

List in force

Approval number Name City Regions Activities Remark Date of request

677 Irida d.o.o. Danwar Bjelovarsko-Bilogorska PP Aq

Activities Legend:

CS Cold Stores PP Processing Plant

Remarks Legend :

32 Cold store only

Aq Aquaculture product (farmed product except bivalve molluscs)







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AQUACULTURE PRODUCTS:

The products coming from aquaculture within the EU and from any third country must broadly be equivalent in terms of animal health requirements.

THE LEGISLATION COVERING AQUACULTURE PRODUCTS IS MADE OF THE FOLLOWING REGULATIONS:

- Commission Decision 2003/858/EC laying down the animal health conditions and certification requirements for imports of live fish, their eggs and gametes intended for farming, and live fish of aquaculture origin and products thereof intended for human consumption; as amended by Commission Decision 2004/454/EC.
- The animal health conditions governing the placing on the market of aquaculture animals and products are defined in <u>Directive 2006/88/EC.</u>







Article 1

Scope

- 1. This Decision establishes harmonised animal health rules for the importation of:
 - (a) live fish, their eggs and gametes, intended for farming in the Community;
 - (b) live fish of aquaculture origin intended for restocking of put-and take fisheries in the Community;
 - (c) live fish of aquaculture origin and products thereof, intended for immediate human consumption or further processing before human consumption.





Article 3

Conditions for importation of live fish, their eggs and gametes intended for farming, and of live fish of aquaculture origin for restocking of put-and take fisheries, within the European Community

- 1) Member States shall authorise the importation into their territory live fish, their eggs and gametes for farming only if:
 - (a) the fish originate in a territory listed in Annex I;
 - (b) the consignment complies with the guarantees, including those for packaging and labelling and the appropriate specific additional requirements, as laid down in the animal health certificate, drawn up in conformity with the model in Annex III, taking into account the explanatory notes in Annex III;
 - (c) the fish have been transported under conditions not altering their health status.







Annex I

Territories from which importation of certain species of live fish, their eggs, and gametes intended for farming in the European Community (EC) are authorised

Country		Territory		Specific requirements (1)					Comments (2)		
ISO-code	Name	Code	Description	VHS	IHN	SVC	BKD	IPN	G. salaris	Comments (2)	
CG HR MK (³)	Congo Croatia Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia									Carps only Carps only	



MODEL ANIMAL HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR THE IMPORTATION OF (1) [LIVE FISH, EGGS AND GAMETES FOR FARMING] (1) [LIVE FISH OF AQUACULTURE ORIGIN FOR THE PURPOSE OF (1) [HUMAN CONSUMPTION] (1) [RESTOCKING OF PUT AND TAKE FISHERIES]] INTO THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY (EC)

Note for the importer: This certificate is only for veterinary purposes and has - in its original - to accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.

Destination of the consignment	
1. Member State:	
]
	Destination of the consignment 1. Member State:) [3.2. Zone or part (3) of the Member State:) [3.3. Farm, name:

Annex III

Explanatory notes

- (a) The certificates shall be produced by the competent authorities of the exporting country, based on the appropriate model appearing in Annex II, IV, or V to this Decision taking into account the use to which the fish are to be put after the arrival to the EC.
- (b) Considering the status of the place of destination as regards viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS), infec-
- The original of the certificate must be completed on the day of loading the consignment for exportation to the EC with an official stamp and signed by an official inspector designated by the competent authority. In doing so, the competent authority of the exporting country shall ensure that the principles of certification equivalent to those laid down in Council Directive 96/93/EC are followed.







Article 3

Conditions for importation of live fish, their eggs and gametes intended for farming, and of live fish of aquaculture origin for restocking of put-and take fisheries, within the European Community

- 2. Member States shall authorise the importation into their territory live fish of aquaculture origin, their eggs and gametes intended for direct restocking of put-and take fisheries only if:
 - (a) the consignment comply with the rules laid down in paragraph 1;
 - (b) the put and take fishery do not represent lakes or unenclosed waters



Conditions related to importation of live fish of aquaculture origin for human consumption

(a) the consignment complies with the conditions laid down in Article 3 paragraph 1 and Article 7 paragraph 1 of this Decision;

or

(b) the fish are sent directly to an approved import centre to be slaughtered and eviscerated.

Article 7 Certification

1. In the case of live fish, their eggs and gametes, the competent authority at the border inspection post in the Member State of arrival shall complete the document referred to in Annex of Commission Decision 92/527/EEC (1) with one of the statements laid down in Annex VI to this Decision as appropriate.







Annex VI

Model animal health certificate for the importation of fish products of aquaculture origin into the European Community (EC) for further processing before human consumption

Reference Code No

ORIGINAL

Note for the importer:

The present consignment must be shipped immediately, without breaking, to be retailed for further processing before human consumption.

Processing of fish products of aquaculture origin must take place in approved import centres unless eviscerated before dispatch, or the place of origin has a health status at least equivalent to the place where they are to be processed, in particular as regards the diseases epizootic haematopoietic necrosis (EHN) as well as the diseases referred to in lists I and II, column 1, of Annex A to Directive 91/67/EEC.

This certificate is only for veterinary purposes and has — in its original — to accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.

- 1. Animal health attestation for importation into the European Community of fish products of aquaculture origin for further processing before human consumption
- I, the undersigned official inspector, hereby certify that the fish products of aquaculture origin referred to in this certificate:







Article 8

Preventing contamination of natural waters

- 1. Member States shall ensure that imported live fish of aquaculture origin and products thereof intended for human consumption are not introduced into, and do not contaminate any natural waters within their territory.
- 2. Members States shall ensure that transport water from imported consignments does not lead to contamination of natural waters within their territory.









Directive 88/2006, is already transposed and implemented into Croatian national legislation:

1. Veterinary Act (O.G. 41/07)

1.Ordinance (OG 42/08) /Council Directive 2006/88 EU - Animal health requirements for aquaculture animals and products thereof, and on the prevention and control of certain diseases in aquatic animals







[...certain diseases in aquatic anima

ANNEX IV - Part II listed

disea	Ses DISEASE	SUSCEPTIBLE SPECIES				
FISH	Spring viraemia of carp (SVC)	Bighead carp (Aristichthys nobilis), goldfish (Carassius auratus), crucian carp (C. carassius), grass carp (Ctenopharyngodon idellus), common carp and koi earp (Cyprinus carpio), silver carp (Hypophthalmichthys molitrix), sheatfish (Silurus glanis) and tench (Finca tinca)				
	Viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS)	Herring (Clupea spp.), whitefish (Coregonussp.), pike (Esox lucius), haddock (Gadusaeglefinus), Pacific cod (G. macrocephalus), Atlantic cod (G. morhua), Pacific salmon (Oncorhynchus spp.) rainbow trout (O. mykiss), rockling (Onos mustelus), brown trout (Salmo trutta), turbot (Scophthalmus maximus), sprat (Sprattussprattus) and grayling (Thymallus thymallus)				
	Infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)	Chum salmon (Oncorhynchus keta), coho salmon (O. kisutch), Masou salmon (O. masou), rainbow or steelhead trout (O. mykiss), sockeye salmon (O. nerka), pink salmon (O. modurus) chinook salmon (O.tshawytscha), and Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar)				
	Koi herpes virus (KHV) disease	Common carp and koi carp (Cyprinus carpio).				
	Infectious salmon anaemia (ISA)	Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar), and brown and sea trout (S. trutta).				





Directive <u>2006/88/EC.</u>, close examination Farm's Health status, definitions:

Category I

Declared disease-free

Category II

Not declared disease-free but subject to a surveillance programme

Category III

Not known to be infected but not subject to surveillance programme for achieving disease free status.

Categoty IV

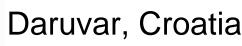
Known to be infected but subject to an eradication programme

Category V

Known to be infected. Subject to minimum control measures









admitted commercial flo

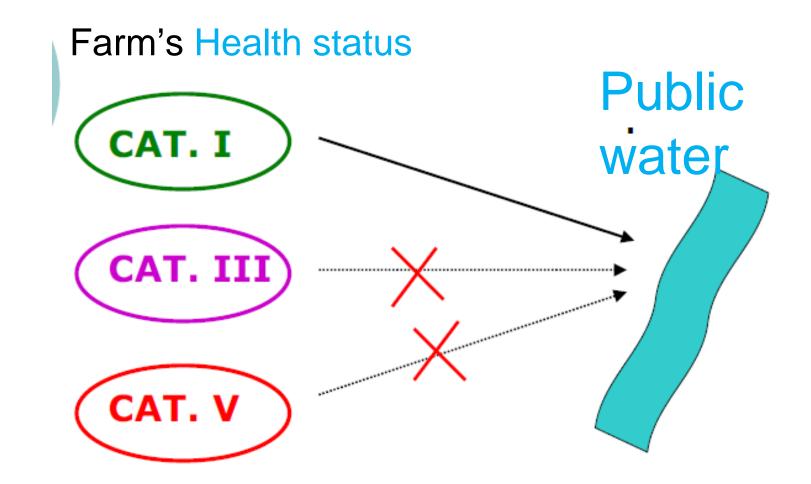
ANNEX III, PART A

Category	Health status	May be to have a book from	Heal	th certification	Von Parish a trades
	ricaith status	May introduce animals from	Introduction	Dispatching	May dispatch animals to
I	Disease-free (Articles 49 or 50)	Only category I	YES	NO when dispatched to category III or V	All categories
				YES when dispatched to categories I, II or IV	
II	Surveillance Programme (Article 44(1))	Only category I	YES	NO	Categories III and V
III	Undetermined (not known to be infected but not subject to a programme for achieving disease- free status)	Categories I, II, or III	NO	NO	Categories III and V
IV	Eradication Programme (Article 44(2))	Only category I	YES	YES	Only category V
V	Infected (Article 39)	All categories	NO	YES	Only category V





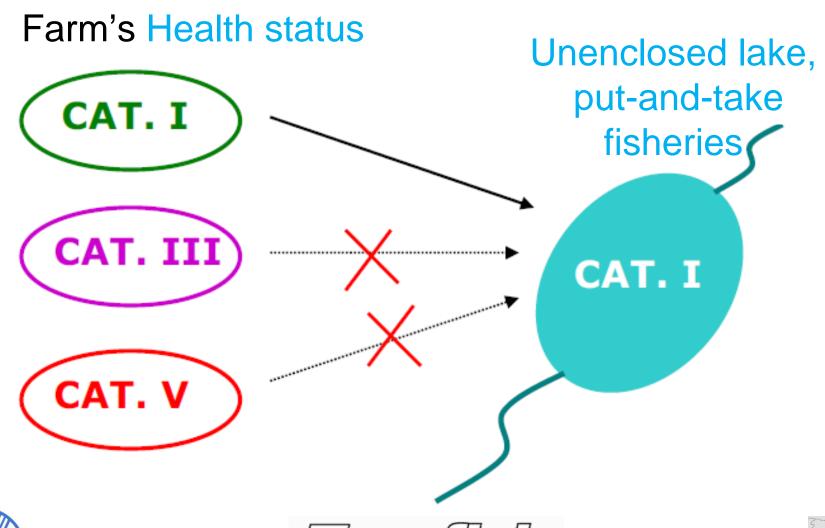








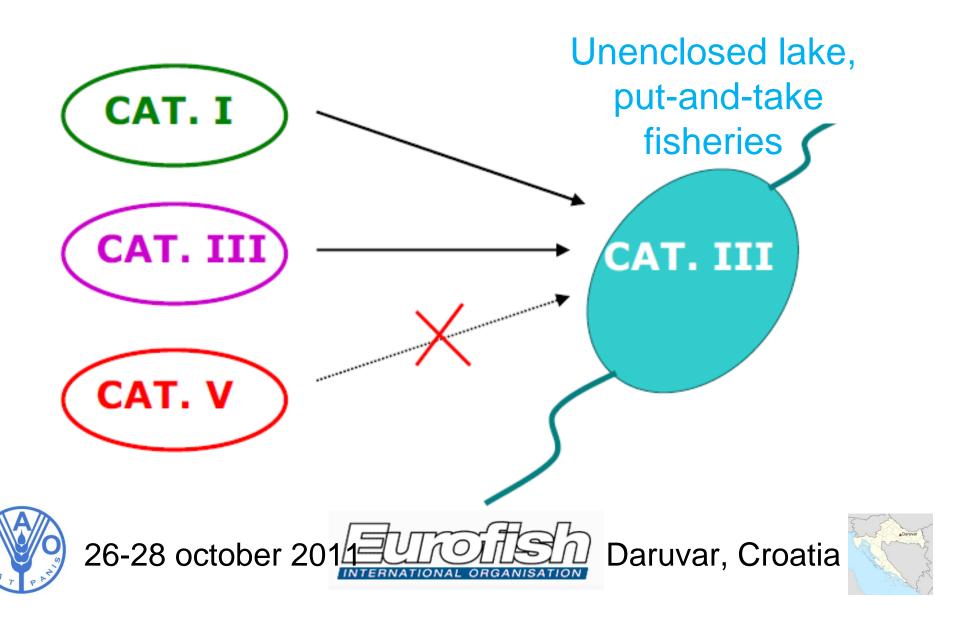




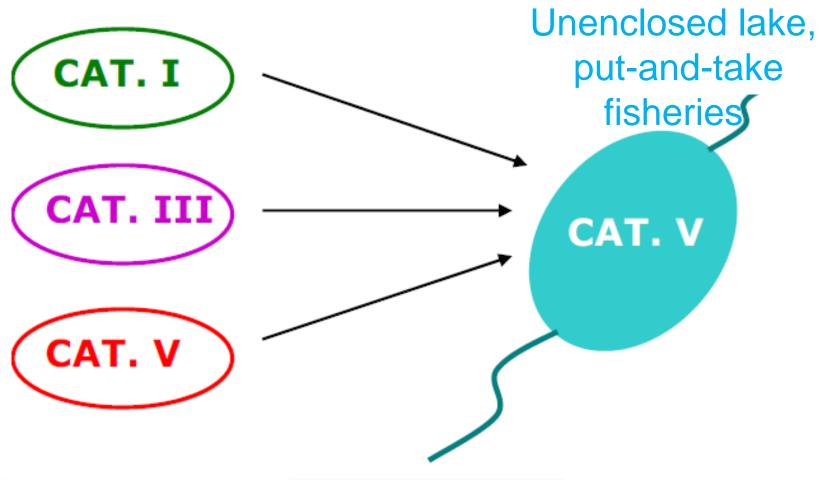




Farm's Health status

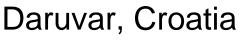


Farm's Health status











Farm's Health status

